

# Instructions for use: MINI DAP

## MINI DAP / Diphoterine® Solution:

### Emergency rinsing solution for washing chemical splashes on the skin.

You have purchased MINI DAP portable of Diphoterine® solution and we thank you for your confidence in our products.

## What is a MINI DAP?

A MINI DAP is an aerosol spray containing 200ml of Diphoterine® solution. It is intended for washing chemical splashes within the first 60 seconds, on a face or an arm.

## Installation and use of the MINI DAP:

Thanks to the 200ml of Diphoterine® solution, the MINI DAP allows an effective washing within the first 60 seconds following the accident.

**The MINI DAP must be available near the zones at risk: its use is especially recommended in laboratories or in zones which are at risk for chemical splashes on small cutaneous surfaces.**

## Recommended protocol for maximum efficacy:

The MINI DAP is intended to be used for the first emergency washing. Its contents are recommended for cutaneous splashes, particularly for the arm or equivalent body surface. If the splashed body surface is more important, it is recommended to use a DAP, autonomous portable shower of 5 liters.

The efficacy of the MINI DAP comes from the active properties of Diphoterine® solution.

It is recommended, during an accident, to use all the contents of the MINI DAP.

### • General recommendations

The MINI DAP must be used as the first solution and as the first response. A preliminary washing with water leads to a delay in the application, and because of this loss of time, the efficacy of Diphoterine® solution is reduced. If Diphoterine® solution is not available on the place of the splash, never delay a washing. Failing that, use water.

Do not exceed the expiry date indicated on the packaging.

The MINI DAP must be used continuously while washing. Partial or non-continuous spraying may lead to a decrease in pain but will not prevent the injury from developing.

### • Scope of effectiveness and known limitations of Diphoterine® solution

Diphoterine® solution makes it possible to stop the penetration of the chemical and the development of all chemical injuries, except for splashes of hydrofluoric acid and its derivatives on which it has a reduced effect. In this case it is especially recommended to use Hexafluorine® solution, a washing solution for splashes of both hydrofluoric acid and of fluorides in an acidic medium.



### • What to do if the injury has already developed, or if I intervene after 60 seconds?

After 60 seconds, and according to the type of chemical, the injury may have already developed. Washing, including on an injury that has already developed, will improve the implementation of secondary care.

Diphoterine® solution also appears of interest in cases of delayed washing (after 60 seconds). In this case, we recommend continuing the initial washing performed with a MINI DAP of Diphoterine® solution by a second washing of an ideal duration equal to 3 to 5 times the contact time.

### • Upkeep and Maintenance

The MINI DAP must be stored in a place which is neither exposed to high temperatures nor sunlight. It is however advised not to expose the product to freezing temperatures, because the aqueous solution can freeze and thus may not be immediately usable. There is, however, no loss of effectiveness when Diphoterine® solution has thawed out. The ideal temperature at which it should be used lies between 15 and 35°C.

The MINI DAP must be replaced on or before the expiry date indicated on the label.

### • Toxicology

Diphoterine® solution is a non-irritating, non-allergenic and non-toxic solution.

Scientific studies, testimonials, toxicological data, list of tested products and the general conditions can be found on our website [www.prevor.com](http://www.prevor.com)

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